

Satellite image with enhanced low cloud-top temperatures (degrees C) for 7:15 a.m. EST (NOAA)

## Agricultural Weather Highlights - Tuesday - April 8, 2003

- In the West, warm, dry weather favors spring fieldwork and winter wheat development.
- *On the Plains*, warmer air is overspreading *Montana*, coaxing later-developing winter wheat out of dormancy. Meanwhile, cool weather lingers across the *central and southern Plains*, slowing wheat development but maintaining low evaporation rates. Nevertheless, topsoil moisture continues to diminish across much of *Oklahoma and northern Texas*.
- *In the Corn Belt,* rain and snow showers are diminishing, but cool weather persists. The recent turn toward cool, wet weather has slowed *Midwestern* fieldwork and winter wheat development, but improved soil moisture in preparation for spring planting.
- *In the South*, flood watches are posted from the *central Gulf Coast to southern Virginia* in preparation for another round of heavy rain. The sudden turn toward wet weather is slowing or halting *Southern* planting progress, following several weeks that were mostly favorable for spring fieldwork.

Outlook: Unsettled weather will persist across the eastern U.S. for the remainder of the week, as a developing storm system moves slowly northeastward from the Gulf of Mexico. Periods of snow, sleet, and freezing rain are likely across the Ohio Valley and Northeast, while another round of locally heavy rain will fall in the Mid-Atlantic and Southeastern States. Elsewhere, a broad area of high pressure will bring dry, milder weather to the Plains, Rockies, and Southwest, while scattered showers will accompany a weak cold front in the Pacific Northwest. The NWS 6-10 day outlook for April 13-17 calls for a warming trend across the eastern half of the nation, where near- to above-normal temperatures are forecast. Meanwhile, cooler-than-normal weather will return to much of the West. Above-normal precipitation is likely from California to the southern Plains, which may slow fieldwork but will benefit winter grains and spring-sown crops. Elsewhere, mostly dry weather is forecast to return to the East, while generally light precipitation is expected across the northern half of the U.S., including the northern Plains and the Midwest.

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